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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/518,475	12/20/2004	Torbjorn Ling	02386.0096	3599
	7590 09/05/200 ENDERSON, FARAB	8 SOW, GARRETT & DUNNER	EXAMINER	
LLP			LUK, EMMANUEL S	
	901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1791	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/05/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/518,475	LING ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Emmanuel S. Luk	1791				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)[\	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27 M</u>	av 2008					
•	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.						
′=	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
٥/١	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) 13,14 and 16-26 is/are pending in the	application.					
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>13,14 and 16-26</u> is/are rejected.						
· ·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to:    Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
•	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
19/	Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
2)  Notic 3)  Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	nte				

Application/Control Number:

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Status of Claims

1. Status of Claims:

Claims 1-12 have been cancelled by applicants.

Claims 13-27 are pending in the application.

Claim 28 have been withdrawn from examination as per non-election by the applicants.

## Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments filed 5/27/08 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The applicants have argued that Chou fails to teach the oxidizing step limitation. The Mattox reference is relevant since it teaches known surface preparation for film and coating deposition processes, these are known processes for forming a layer upon a surface and one of ordinary skill in the art would know of these techniques for forming the layer. The Jaszewski reference is relevant also in that it teaches known methods of applying the layer upon a surface. These are extremely well known construction methods for forming a layer upon a surface and one skilled in the art would recognize and would utilize these methods for forming the structure. Chou does teach the metal layer and it being an oxide with the reactive compound that contains Flourine. Breen is relevant as it shows it is known in the art that the metal oxide layer can be formed at such a thickness. The references are relevant in showing it is known in the art for constructing a surface with the processes and layers and one skilled in the art would recognize these teachings for forming a lithographic apparatus and method. The

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arguments presented by the applicants have been considered, however, the references do teach that processes and technology for forming metal oxide layers upon a surface exists and one skilled in the art when researching for forming the layers would find the teachings as relevant.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 4. Claims 13-14 and 16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chou (WO 00/00868, see IDS) in view of Mattox (Handbook of deposition technologies for films and coatings: Science, technology and applications) and Jaszewski (Microelectronic Engineering 35, from IDS).

Chou teaches the use of release materials in lithographic apparatus and method for creating ultra-fine patterns (sub-25 nm) in a thin film on a substrate from a mold (see abstract). Chou teaches a coating of molecules from a specific type of reactive compound, the compound having a halogen or cyano element, especially Cl, F, or Br (see page. 8, line 22), silane is also mentioned (pg. 18, lines 21-31). The mold surface can be of any surface to which the release providing molecules may bond (pg. 10, lines 3-4), the release surface may be metallic, or metal oxides, as is known in the molding art (pg. 10, lines 5-9) and example given of Si, Ti, Zr, Cr, Ge (pg. 9, lines 25-27). The

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mold layer 14 having a plurality of features 16 and having a release layer 17 bonded to the surface of the features on the molding layer (pg. 11, line 16 to pg. 12, line 33).

Chou fails to specifically teach the process of applying the metal layer, oxidizing the layer of metal to form an oxide film and then applying the reagent on the oxide film.

Mattox teaches the construction for surface materials including oxidizing techniques (p. 87), the sputtering of the material, of film materials (p. 83) in different gas environments. It is known in the art that the metal oxide layer can be as thin as 50 to 1000 nm, (as seen in background reference, Breen US 6,380,101).

Jaszewski teaches the different applications of such as sputtering or plasma polymerized of the films onto a metal surface (p. 381, experiment 2.1).

One would be motivated to use Chou, Mattox, and Jaszewski, since all pertain to construction of layers. Both Chou and Jaszewski discuss a protective layer on a metal layer while Mattox deals with the construction of surface layers. All are relevant to one skilled in the art for films and coatings particularly for the creation of microstructures.

It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Chou with the formation of the metal layer as taught by Mattox as one means of depositing a metal and oxidizing the metal layer, and the application of the anti-adhesive film onto a surface as taught by Jaszewski for application of the thin film layer.

5. Claims 21, 22, and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Chou (WO 00/00868, see IDS).

Chou teaches the use of release materials in lithographic apparatus and method for creating ultra-fine patterns (sub-25 nm) in a thin film on a substrate from a mold (see abstract). Chou teaches a coating of molecules from a specific type of reactive compound, the compound having a halogen or cyano element, especially CI, F, or Br (see page. 8, line 22), silane is also mentioned (pg. 18, lines 21-31). The mold surface can be of any surface to which the release providing molecules may bond (pg. 10, lines 3-4), the release surface may be metallic, or metal oxides, as is known in the molding art (pg. 10, lines 5-9) and example given of Si, Ti, Zr, Cr, Ge (pg. 9, lines 25-27). The mold layer 14 having a plurality of features 16 and having a release layer 17 bonded to the surface of the features on the molding layer (pg. 11, line 16 to pg. 12, line 33). Claim 21 states that the metal has been applied to the surface and then brought to oxidise and then applying the anti-adhesive layer. These are process limitations to making the apparatus and Chou already teaches the claimed structure and it would have been obvious to one skill in the art that any process can be used to create a structure, therefore Chou teaches this claimed structure.

6. Claims 23, 24, and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chou (WO 00/00868, see IDS) as applied to claims 21, 22, 25, and 27 as shown above, and further in view of Breen (6380101).

Chou teaches the claimed apparatus as shown in the rejection above of claims 21, 22, 25, and 27. Chou fails to teach the specific thicknesses.

Breen teaches a metal oxide layer having a thickness of 50 to 1000 nm.

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One would be motivated to use Chou and Breen since both pertain to apparatus that create micro and nanoscale surfaces, and both pertaining to metal layers having a protective anti-adhesive layer. Both teach the use of a protective layer on a metal layer and thus both are relevant to one skilled in the art for films and coatings particularly for the creation of microstructures. Thus, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Chou with the thickness of the metal oxide layer as taught by Breen.

### Conclusion

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Emmanuel S. Luk whose telephone number is (571)272-1134. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Fridays from 9 to 5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Yogendra N. Gupta can be reached on (571) 272-1316. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Yogendra N Gupta/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1791

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